



Reg. No. :

Name :

**Seventh Semester B.Tech. Degree Examination, May 2015
(2008 Scheme)**

08.704 : Elective – III (a) : ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION (E)

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

PART – A

Answer **all** questions.



1. Compare single side-band transmission with conventional AM.
2. An AM broadcast radio transmitter radiates 10 kw power. If percentage modulation is 75%, calculate how much of this is carrier power. What will be the carrier power if modulation percentage is increased to 90% ?
3. Draw the block diagram of low-level and high level AM transmitters.
4. Explain briefly the principle of power-line carrier communication.
5. Mention the advantages and disadvantages of digital transmission.
6. Describe interlaced scanning method. Why is it preferred in television ?
7. Explain the need for blanking and synchronising pulses in TV transmission.
8. Explain the principle of operation of a two-way communication system.
9. Describe the two most prevalent types of interference in cellular telephone systems.
10. List the advantages and disadvantages of PCSS. **(4×10= 40 Marks)**



PART – B

Answer **one full** question from **each** Module.

Module – I

11. a) With a neat block diagram explain the working of a superheterodyne receiver and describe how constant I_f is achieved in it. **12**
 b) Derive the output voltage expression for an FM wave. **8**
12. a) Describe with block diagrams the three methods of SSB generation. **10**
 b) Explain the operation of balanced-slope detector with circuit diagram and response characteristics. **10**

Module – II

13. a) What is pulse code modulation. Draw the block diagram of a PCM transmission system and explain. **10**
 b) With a neat sketch explain in detail a composite video signal. **6**
 c) Define :
 a) Luminance and chrominance
 b) Aspect-ratio. **4**
14. a) Draw the block-diagram of a monochrome TV receiver and mention the function of each block. **12**
 b) Write notes on :
 a) Quantization
 b) Companding. **8**

Module – III

15. a) Discuss in detail the GSM architecture with the help of a block-diagram. **10**
 b) Explain CDMA. What are its advantages over FDMA and TDMA ? **10**
16. a) Explain the basic concept of cell splitting and frequency reuse used in cellular system. **12**
 b) Explain the hand-off control procedure when a mobile unit moves from cell to cell. **8**